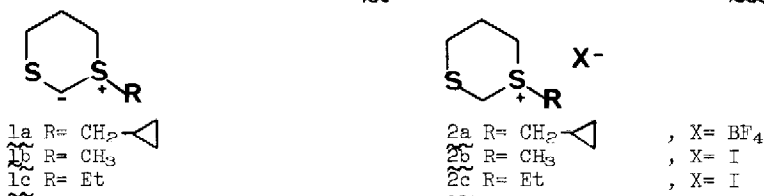


SULFONIUM YLIDE DIMERIZATION: A NOVEL ROUTE  
TO UNSATURATED TETRADENTATE SULFUR LIGANDS

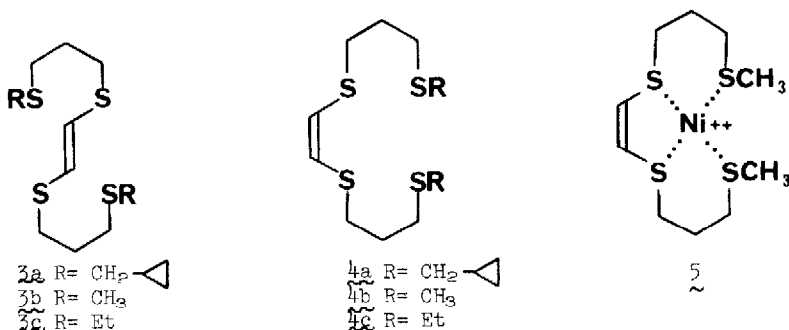
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In connection with another study, we had occasion to prepare the ylide 1a from 1-cyclopropylcarbinyl-1,3-dithianium tetrafluoroborate 2a. Although sulfonium salts 2b-c




have been reported previously,<sup>2</sup> there have been no reports in the literature concerning the corresponding ylides of dithiane other than allylic ylides which undergo [2,3] sigmatropic rearrangement.<sup>3</sup> We have found that the ylides 1a-c undergo a facile dimerization yielding bis-thioethylenes 3a-c [NMR: 6.22 δ(2H-s)] and 4a-c [NMR: 6.12 δ(2H-s)] in good yields.

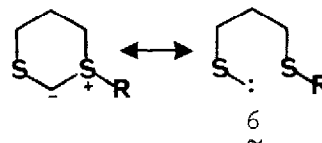


(Table I.) The cis and trans isomers are easily separable by chromatography on silica gel (4% ether/petroleum ether; R<sub>f</sub><sub>cis</sub> = 0.08, R<sub>f</sub><sub>trans</sub> = 0.13). Cis-isomer 4b readily forms the red nickel complex 5 (Ni(ClO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>/CH<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>). Although many saturated tetradentate sulfur ligands have been reported only a few unsaturated ligands such as 5 have been prepared by alkylation of nickel

bisdithienes. The unsaturated sulfur complexes are of interest because of their potentially useful electron transfer properties.<sup>6</sup> Although dimers 3 and 4 were usually prepared by treatment of the corresponding sulfonium salt with n-butyl lithium in THF at -78°, followed

Table I

Salt	R	X	Ratio <u>3</u> / <u>4</u> (NMR)	% yield
<u>2a</u>	CH <sub>2</sub> - 	BF <sub>4</sub>	40/60	59
<u>2b</u>	CH <sub>3</sub>	I	28/72	78
<u>2c</u>	Et	I	34/66	79



by warming to room temperature, the reaction also proceeds using NaH/DMF at room temperature making preparation of sizable quantities of 3 and 4 economical.

The mechanism of the dimerization reaction is now considered.  $\alpha$ -Cleavage of sulfonium ylides yielding carbene-like dimers has been noted before<sup>7</sup> in acyclic cases. Notably, Johnson<sup>8</sup> and coworkers have reported that diphenyl sulfonium benzylide decomposes to give 78% cis and trans-stilbene. Thus, an attractive mechanism for the facile dimerization involves the intermediacy of a novel thiocarbene 6.<sup>9</sup> However, when the dimerization is carried out in the presence of cyclohexene no cyclopropane could be detected.

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